

Naturally Mal'tsev $(\infty, 1)$ -Categories

Lucy Grossman¹

¹UCLouvain

Naturally Mal'tsev categories, initially codified by Johnstone in [2], are of interest in categorical algebra, being situated between affine categories (e.g. slices of additive categories) and Mal'tsev categories (e.g. the category of groups [4]).

Definition 0.1 ([2]) *A finitely complete category $\mathbf{C}$ is naturally Mal'tsev if it is equipped with a natural transformation $p : Id_{\mathbf{C}}^3 \rightarrow Id_{\mathbf{C}}$, such that for each object $A \in \mathbf{C}$, the component of p , $p_A : A^3 \rightarrow A$, is a Mal'tsev operation on A , i.e. $p(x, x, y) = y$ and $p(x, y, y) = x$.*

These categories admit many equivalent characterizations, including the following, from [2, 4, 3].

Proposition 0.1 *Let $\mathbf{C}$ be a finitely complete category. Then the following are equivalent.*

1. $\mathbf{C}$ is naturally Mal'tsev.
2. The fibers $Pt_A(\mathbf{C})$, for every object $A \in \mathbf{C}$, of the fibration of points $p : Pt(\mathbf{C}) \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$, are additive.
3. The forgetful functor $U : Cat(\mathbf{C}) \rightarrow Refl(\mathbf{C})$, from the category of internal categories of $\mathbf{C}$ to the category of internal reflexive graphs of $\mathbf{C}$ is an equivalence.
4. The forgetful functor $U' : Gpd(\mathbf{C}) \rightarrow Refl(\mathbf{C})$ originating at the category of internal groupoids of $\mathbf{C}$ is an equivalence.

In this presentation, we will introduce an $(\infty, 1)$ -categorical (henceforth *infinity categorical*) version of naturally Mal'tsev categories, defined as a direct infinity-categorical generalization of the 1-categorical case. These satisfy an analogous list of equivalent characterizations, including the following.

Proposition 0.2 *Let $\mathcal{C}$ be a finitely complete infinity category. The following conditions are then equivalent:*

1. $\mathcal{C}$ is naturally Mal'tsev.
2. The fibers $Pt_A(\mathcal{C})$, $A \in Ob(\mathcal{C})$, of the fibration of points $p : Pt(\mathcal{C}) \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ are additive.
3. For $\mathcal{C}$ also finitely cocomplete, $\mathcal{C}^{\Delta_{<2}^{op}} \simeq scosk_n(sk_2(\mathcal{C}))$ is an equivalence of subcategories of $\mathcal{C}^{\Delta^{op}}$.
4. For $\mathcal{C}$ also finitely cocomplete, $\mathcal{C}^{\Delta_{<2}^{op}} \simeq gcosk_n(sk_2(\mathcal{C}))$ is an equivalence of subcategories of $\mathcal{C}^{\Delta^{op}}$.

These categories also satisfy, as their one-categorical counterparts do, the “equation” “pointed + naturally Mal'tsev = additive” [2], for an appropriate notion of additivity, and, for the infinity-categorical version of Barr exactness from [5], the “equation” “Barr exact + pointed + naturally Mal'tsev = pre-stable”, giving us some examples, with which we shall conclude.

References

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- [4] D. Bourn and F. Borceux, *Mal'tsev, Protomodular, Homological and Semi-Abelian Categories*, Springer Dordrecht, 2004.
- [5] G. Stefanich, Derived ∞ -categories as exact completions, arXiv:2310.12925, 2023.