# Path-complete Lyapunov techniques

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Dysco'17 Leuven, Nov 2017





#### Outline

• Switching systems

• Path-complete methods for switching systems stability

• Further results and open problems

• Conclusion and perspectives

#### **Applications of Wireless Control Networks**



#### Industrial automation

Maurice Heemels (TU/e)





#### Physical Security and Control

#### Supply Chain and Asset Management





Environmental Monitoring, Disaster Recovery and Preventive Conservation

The delay is constant, but some packets are dropped

$$x(1) = Ax(0) + Bu(0)$$



The delay is constant, but some packets are dropped

$$x(1) = Ax(0) + Bu(0)$$



 $\sigma = 1001\ldots$ 

The delay is constant, but some packets are dropped

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma(0) &= 1 & x(1) &= Ax(0) + Bu(0) \\ \sigma(1) &= 0 & x(2) &= A^2 x(0) + ABu(0) \end{aligned}$$

A data loss signal determines the packet dropouts  $\sigma(t) = 1$  or 0

The delay is constant, but some packets are dropped

$$\begin{array}{ll}
\sigma(0) = 1 & x(1) = Ax(0) + Bu(0) \\
\sigma(1) = 0 & x(2) = A^2x(0) + ABu(0) \\
\sigma(2) = 0 & \end{array}$$

$$\sigma = 1001 \dots$$



A data loss signal determines the packet dropouts  $\sigma(t) = 1$  or 0

 $\sigma = 1001\ldots$ 

The delay is constant, but some packets are dropped

$$\begin{aligned} \sigma(0) &= 1 & x(1) &= Ax(0) + Bu(0) \\ \sigma(1) &= 0 & x(2) &= A^2 x(0) + ABu(0) \\ \sigma(2) &= 0 & x(3) &= A^3 x(0) + A^2 Bu(0) \end{aligned}$$



A data loss signal determines the packet dropouts  $\sigma(t) = 1$  or 0

The delay is constant, but some packets are dropped



A data loss signal determines the packet dropouts  $\sigma(t) = 1$  or 0

...this is a switching system!

$$x(t+1) = \begin{cases} Ax(t) + bu(t), & \text{if } \sigma(t) = 1, \\ Ax(t), & \text{if } \sigma(t) = 0 \end{cases}$$

# The switching signal

We are interested in the controllability of such a system

$$\begin{array}{ll} \sigma(0) = 1 & x(1) = Ax(0) + Bu(0) & \sigma = 1001 \dots \\ \sigma(1) = 0 & x(2) = A^2 x(0) + ABu(0) \\ \sigma(2) = 0 & x(3) = A^3 x(0) + A^2 Bu(0) \\ x(4) = A^4 x(0) + A^3 Bu(0) + Bu(3) \end{array}$$

Of course we need an assumption on the switching signal



#### **Switching systems**

 $\begin{aligned} x(t+1) &= A_0 x(t) \\ \text{or} \\ x(t+1) &= A_1 x(t) \end{aligned}$ 

Global convergence to the origin Do all products of the type  $A_0 A_0 A_1 A_0 \dots A_1$  converge to zero?



[Rota, Strang, 1960]

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# Switching systems stability (a.k.a. JSR computation)

The CQLF method (Common Quadratic Lyapunov Function)



### Yet another LMI method

• A strange semidefinite program



 But also... [Daafouz Bernussou 01]
 [Bliman Ferrari-Trecate 03]
 [Lee and Dullerud 06] ... [Ahmadi, J., Parrilo, Roozbehani10]

<sup>[</sup>Goebel, Hu, Teel 06]

# Yet another LMI method

- Questions:
  - Can we characterize all the LMIs that work, in a unified framework?
  - Which LMIs are better than others?
  - How to prove that an LMI works?
  - Can we provide converse Lyapunov theorems for more methods?

A. Ahmadi (Princeton),P. Parrilo, M. Roozbehani (MIT)





#### **From LMIs to an automaton**



#### Theorem

G is path-complete IFF the LMIs are a sufficient condition for stability.

[Ahmadi J. Parrilo Roozbehani 14]

Results valid beyond the LMI framework

[J. Ahmadi Parrilo Roozbehani 17]

# **Some examples**



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### Some examples



# **Is there always an equivalent Common Lyapunov Function?**

 Theorem Every path-complete criterion implies the existence of a Common Lyapunov function. This Lyapunov function can be expressed analytically as the minimum of maxima of the quadratic functions.



#### **Further results and open problems**

This approach naturally generalizes to other problems

$$x(t+1) = A_0 x(t)$$
  
or  
$$x(t+1) = A_1 x(t)$$

$$\sigma = 1001\ldots$$







#### Geir Dullerud (UIUC)

#### • Constrained switching systems

- Path-complete monotonicity
- Automatically optimized abstractions of cyber-physical systems

### **Further results and open problems**

Replace invariant compact sets by invariant cones

F. Forni and R. Sepulchre (Cambridge)





- Constrained switching systems
- Path-complete monotonicity
- Automatically optimized abstractions of cyber-physical systems
- -

# **Further results and open problems**

#### **Refining the Control Structure of Loops using Static Analysis**

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Loop analysis refinement by 'lifting' the initial automaton Abstracting the 'dynamics'

> This impossible 'fragment' can be removed from the language

- Constrained switching systems
- Path-complete monotonicity •
- Automatically optimized abstractions of cyber-physical systems



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#### **Conclusion: a perspective on switching systems**



[Furstenberg Kesten, 1960]



1995]



[Kozyakin, 1990]



(sensor) networks

Software analysis

[Daafouz Bernussou, 2002]

[Rantzer Johansson Bisimulation 1998] design



[Rota, Strang, 1960]



[Blondel Tsitsiklis, 98+]





2006]

consensus problems

Social/big data control

**[Parrilo** Jadbabaie 20081

**60s 70s** 

**Mathematical** properties

#### **90s**

**TCS** inspired **Negative Complexity results**  Lyapunov/LMI **Techniques** (S-procedure)

**2000s** 

**CPS applic.** Ad hoc techniques

now

# Thanks!



Ads

<u>The JSR Toolbox:</u> <u>http://www.mathworks.com/matlabcentral/fil</u> <u>eexchange/33202-the-jsr-toolbox</u> [Van Keerberghen, Hendrickx, J. HSCC 2014] The CSS toolbox, 2015

Several open positions: raphael.jungers@uclouvain.be

References: <a href="http://perso.uclouvain.be/raphael.jungers/">http://perso.uclouvain.be/raphael.jungers/</a>

#### **Joint work with**

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