UCLouvain

lmapr2691

2023

Technology of chemical and environmental engineering

5.00 credits 30.0 h + 15.0 h Q2

Teacher(s)	Luis Alconero Patricia ;				
Language :	English > French-friendly				
Place of the course	Louvain-la-Neuve				
Learning outcomes	At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to: Contribution of the course to the program repository: Referring to the learning outcomes of the KIMA degree, the following AAs are targeted: Axis 1: 1.1, 1.2; Axis 2: 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5; Axis 3: 3.1, 3.2, 3.3; Axis 4: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4; Axis 5: 5.3, 5.5, 5.6; Axis 6: 6.1, 6.2, 6.3. Course specific learning outcomes Technical Learning Outcomes At the end of this course, the student will be able to: Calculate the pressure loss in straight and curved tubes. Classify pumps and compressors. Choose a type of pump / compressor according to its use. Calculate and correctly interpret the maximum load height of a pump and the characteristic curve of a pump. Analyze the characteristic behavior of pumps in series or in parallel. Calculation of discharge heights and discharge rates. Analyze serial compression. Derive and use compression models, compute compression power and efficiency, and analyze and calculate the characteristics of multi-stage compression power and efficiency, and analyze and calculate the characteristics of multi-stage compression. Take into account a deviation of the perfect gases and determine the exponents of the gases. Classify the different types of apitators. Size the most important agitators. Size the most important agitators. Classify the different types of heat exchangers. Realize the diagram of a process. Analyze the safety and regulation of a process. Perform the thermodynamic analysis of the processes. Cross-Curricular Outcomes: At the end of this course, the student will be able to: Contribute, as a team, to the realization of a disciplinary or multidisciplinary project respecting a framed approach. Use a body of knowledge in basic and polytechnic sciences, to solve disciplined disciplinary problems. Mobilize scientific and technical knowledge from a variety of sources, including reference books and the web. Analyze, organize and complete an engineering approach applied to the development of a process that meets a need or a proble				
Evaluation methods	Exam (theoretical and practical questions). The exam is divided in three parts related to 1) heat exchangers, 2) pump and compressors and 3) exergy analysis. The students have to pass the three parts to credit the course. Exercises proposed during the course could contribute to the final mark. The use of generative AI such as ChatGPT, Consensus, Perplexity, etc. is tolerated for the search for information or clarification of concepts but its use is prohibited for the elaboration of reports or any material which is part of the course evaluation by the teacher. The student must declare on their honor that the AIs were not used.				
Teaching methods	This course combines lectures in class, sessions of exercises in class, and exercises of simulation (computer) using Aspen + This course addresses issues related to sustainable development and transition through the following activities: • Sessions dedicated to the role of exergy in determining if a chemical process is sustaible or not. Destruction of exergy will be discussed as a first step in determining sustainability.				
Content	Exergy				

	 Introduction to exergy Importance of exergy in Chemical Engineering Exergy in reaction and separation Pumps and Compressors Pumps: Fundamentals Types of pumps and their specificities Compressors: Fundamentals 					
	 Types of compressors and their specificities. Multistage compressors and their benefit 					
	Heat Exchangers					
	 Conduction, convection. Solutions of conduction in 1D: multi-layer plate, multi-shell pipe, fins on plates and fins on pipes. Electrical analogy and thermal resistance. Heat transfert coefficients. Laminar flows: case with constant heat flux density at the wall, case with constant wall temperature, thermally developed flow and thermal entry length. Correlations for turbulent flows. Heat exchangers: co-current, couter-current, cross-current. LMTD (Logarithmic Mean Temperature Difference) method. Epsilon-NTU (Number of Transfer Units) method 					
	Safety and Operation – invited speaker from industry					
	HAZOP analysis					
	Safety valves - invited speaker from industry					
	Process simulation using ASPEN (practical classes in computer room)					
Inline resources	Course notes and/or copies of the slides used in class are provided to students and available on Moodle					
Bibliography	For the part on heat exchangers: F. P. Incropera, D. P. Dewitt, T. D. Bergman, A. S. Lavine, « Fundamentals of Heat and Mass Transfer », Sixth edition, 2007.					
	For the part on exergy: I. Dincer, "Exergy: Energy, Environment and Sustainable Development", 2nd Edition, Elsevier, 2012.					
Other infos	This course requires basic knowledge of hydrodynamics & transport phenomena, thermodynamics and applied mathematics.					
Faculty or entity in	FYKI					
charge						

Programmes containing this learning unit (UE)						
Program title	Acronym	Credits	Prerequisite	Learning outcomes		
Master [120] in Chemical and Materials Engineering	KIMA2M	5		•		