



5.00 credits

30.0 h + 22.5 h

Q1

Teacher(s)	Blondel Vincent ;Delvenne Jean-Charles ;Delvenne Jean-Charles (compensates Blondel Vincent) ;
Language :	English > French-friendly
Place of the course	Louvain-la-Neuve
Prerequisites	This course assumes a sufficient mathematical maturity, equivalent to the level of a third year student in engineering. The course is an introduction to algorithmics, treating mainly of non-numerical aspects. A mathematical analysis of the existence and complexity of algorithms for classic problems pertaining to discrete structures and problems. Previous exposition to non-elementary algorithmic questions is useful to the student; other than that, no prerequisite in algorithmics is assumed
Main themes	The course is an introduction to algorithms and their complexity from a non-numerical point of view. The principal topic is the mathematical analysis of the existence of algorithms and their complexity on the classical problems of the field.
Learning outcomes	<p><b>At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• AA1 : 1,2,3</li> <li>• AA3 : 1,3</li> <li>• AA4 : 1</li> <li>• AA5 : 1,2,3,5,6</li> </ul> <p>At the end of this course the student will be able to :</p> <p>1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Study exact and approximate algorithms for combinatorial problems from different viewpoints: design, data structure, performance analysis, existence, complexity.</li> <li>• Apply some general techniques (divide and conquer, dynamic programming, etc.) to solve basic algorithmic problems (e.g. sorting) and perform a worst-case or average-case complexity analysis.</li> <li>• Take initiatives to search information relevant for the analysis of a given problem.</li> <li>• Propose original solutions and compare them to available solutions.</li> <li>• Write a report on the proposed and available solutions.</li> </ul>
Evaluation methods	The students are evaluated during the exam session through an individual written (or oral, depending on the circumstances) exam, on the objectives listed above. It counts for 75% of the final grade. Moreover the students write homework papers during the term. The grades for the papers amount to 25% of the final grade (in Jan and, unchanged, in August).
Teaching methods	The course is organised in lessons and homework. No compulsory on-site exercise sessions.
Content	<p>a) Worst case and average case complexity: upper and lower bounds, information-theoretic methods, Yao lemma, illustration on elementary algorithms (sorting, efficient implementation of data structures).</p> <p>b) Energetic cost of computing: theory (Landauer's bound) and practice.</p> <p>c) Some strategies of design of algorithms including divide-and conquer, dynamic programming, greedy methods.</p> <p>d) Probabilistic algorithms: Monte Carlo and Las Vegas methods. Pseudo-random generators. Derandomisation.</p> <p>e) Aspects of complexity theory: complexity classes (deterministic, non-deterministic or probabilistic ; uniform or non-uniform).</p> <p>f) Quantum computing: qubits, no-cloning theorem, Grover's and Shor's algorithms, prospects.</p>
Inline resources	Moodle page of the course
Bibliography	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Algorithmics: Theory and Practice, G. Brassard and P. Bratley, Prentice Hall, 1988.</li> <li>• Introduction to Algorithms, T.H. Cormen, C.E. Leieron and R.L. Rivest, MIT Press 1986.</li> <li>• Notes on the Moodle page</li> </ul>
Faculty or entity in charge	MAP

<b>Programmes containing this learning unit (UE)</b>				
Program title	Acronym	Credits	Prerequisite	Learning outcomes
Master [120] in Mathematics	<a href="#">MATH2M</a>	5		
Master [120] in Electrical Engineering	<a href="#">ELEC2M</a>	5		
Master [120] in Mathematical Engineering	<a href="#">MAP2M</a>	5		