

Teacher(s)	Lenel Emmanuelle ;
Language :	French
Place of the course	Bruxelles Saint-Louis
Prerequisites	<i>The prerequisite(s) for this Teaching Unit (Unité d'enseignement – UE) for the programmes/courses that offer this Teaching Unit are specified at the end of this sheet.</i>
Learning outcomes	<p>At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to :</p> <p>Social and political sciences are empirical sciences that require the researcher to use and master specific methodologies. Among these, field methods (or qualitative methods), which essentially include observations and interviews, are part of the comprehensive paradigm and require the researcher to get as close as possible to the "natural situations" (de Sardan, 2008: 41) experienced by the subjects of the investigation. The main objective of this course is to deepen the knowledge related to these two methods, a first overview of which has been given in previous courses (DMSS and Anthropology), and to ensure their appropriation through practical work that implements them.</p> <p>More specifically, at the end of the course, students will be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - identify the historical and epistemological contexts in which the methods taught were developed and which allow us to understand their meaning, rules, uses and conditions of validity ; - evaluate the scientific contributions and limitations of these methods (particularly in relation to other methods in the social and political sciences) - identify and define the technical operations that implement them; - understand the major ethical issues related to their use; - to apply them through practical work: from administration to analysis of collected data and writing up results.
Evaluation methods	<p>The EU will be assessed in two parts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - by a group work (50% of the final grade) which aims at verifying the abilities to implement the competencies seen in the lecture course ; - by an oral exam (50% of the final grade) which aims to verify the knowledge of the subject matter and the ability of the student to use his/her knowledge (for example through the identification of methodological or ethical issues in the description of a research protocol). <p>In case of failure in January: the part of the grade (exam or group work) that may have been passed (at least 10/20) is automatically kept for the second session. The failed part(s) of the grade (less than 10/20) must be retaken.</p>
Teaching methods	<p>The course consists of a lecture and a group work. This work is itself broken down into two exercises dealing with observation (exercise 1) and interviewing (exercise 2). Group work sessions accompanied by the professor and the assistant are organized to help the students in the realization of their work.</p> <p>The lecture course favors as much as possible a dynamic and involving teaching. The oral presentations are based on emblematic research using the methods taught to bring inductively theoretical elements: those of W. Foote Whyte in the Italian ghetto of Boston, of R. Hoggart on the English working class world, of P. Bourdieu in La misère du monde or of D. Bizeul on the National Front circles; and on concrete experiences recounted in films or by researchers using these methods. The principle of the "flipped classroom" is also used in application sessions based on exercises prepared by the students beforehand.</p> <p>A detailed lesson plan as well as the Powerpoint supports for the oral presentations are transmitted via Moodle at the latest the day before the class sessions. Students are expected to take careful notes to complete these.</p> <p>The practical work aimed at testing the principles and techniques related to the methods taught during the lecture will be done in groups of 4 people. Based on an imposed theme, the students must carry out observation work (4 hours of observations with the help of an observation guide transmitted during the course, and their analysis) and interview work (2 interviews per person based on an interview guide elaborated in group, and their analysis). The practical work is accompanied by the teacher and the assistant.</p>
Content	<p>Social and political sciences are empirical sciences that require the researcher to use and master specific methodologies. Among these, field methods (or qualitative methods), which essentially include observations and interviews, are part of the comprehensive paradigm and require the researcher to get as close as possible to the "natural situations" (de Sardan, 2008: 41) experienced by the subjects of the investigation. The main objective of this course is to deepen the knowledge related to these two methods, a first overview of which has been given in previous courses (DMSS and Anthropology), and to ensure their appropriation through practical work that implements them.</p> <p>More specifically, at the end of the course, students will be able to:</p>

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Bibliography	<p>BARDIN L. (1991), <i>L'analyse de contenu</i>, Paris, PUF.</p> <p>BEAUD S. WEBER F. (1998), <i>Guide de l'enquête de terrain</i>, Paris, La Découverte.</p> <p>BECKER H. (2002), <i>Les ficelles du métier</i>, Paris, La Découverte.</p> <p>BERTEAUX D. (1997). <i>Les récits de vie</i>, Paris, Nathan – 128.</p> <p>BIZEUL D. (2003). <i>Avec ceux du FN : un sociologue au Front national</i>, Paris, La Découverte.</p> <p>BLANCHET A., GOTMAN A. (1992), <i>L'enquête et ses méthodes : l'entretien</i>, Paris, Nathan – 128.</p> <p>BOURDIEU P. (1993), « Comprendre », in P. Bourdieu, <i>La Misère du monde</i>, Paris, Seuil, p. 903-939.</p> <p>BURAWOY M. (2003), « L'étude de cas élargie. Une approche réflexive, historique et comparée de l'enquête de terrain », in CEFAÏ D., <i>L'enquête de terrain</i>, Paris, La Découverte, p. 426-464.</p> <p>CALLON M. (1999), « Ni intellectuel engagé, ni intellectuel dégagé : la double stratégie de l'attachement et du détachement », <i>Sociologie du travail</i>, 41, p. 65-78.</p> <p>CEFAÏ D. (2003), <i>L'enquête de terrain</i>, Paris, La Découverte.</p> <p>DEMAZIERES D., DUBAR C. (1997), <i>Analyser les entretiens biographiques, l'exemple des récits d'insertion</i>, « Chapitre premier : Postures de recherche et statut de la parole des gens », Paris, Nathan.</p> <p>FAVRET-SAADA J. (1997), <i>Les Mots, la Mort, les Sorts</i>, Paris, Gallimard.</p> <p>FOOTE WHYTE, W. (1996), <i>Street corner society</i>, Paris, La Découverte.</p> <p>GOFFMAN E. (1973), <i>La mise en scène de la vie quotidienne</i>, T.1. <i>La présentation de soi</i>, Paris, Les éditions de Minuit.</p> <p>GENARD J.-L., ROCA i ESCODA M. (2019), <i>Éthique de la recherche en sociologie</i>, Bruxelles, Deboeck.</p> <p>HOGGART R. (1970), <i>La culture du pauvre</i>, Paris, Les éditions de Minuit.</p> <p>HUGHES E. (1996), <i>Le regard sociologique</i>, Paris, Editions de l'Ecole des Hautes Etudes en sciences sociales.</p> <p>KAUFMAN J.C (1996), <i>L'entretien compréhensif</i>, Paris, Nathan, Coll 128.</p> <p>MALINOWSKI B. (1985), <i>Journal d'un ethnographe</i>, Paris, Seuil.</p> <p>MILLER D. (2015). <i>The Comfort of Things</i>, Cambridge, Polity.</p> <p>PETONNET C. (1982). « L'observation flottante. L'exemple d'un cimetière parisien » <i>L'homme</i>, 22, 4, p. 33-47.</p> <p>RAMOS E. (2015), <i>L'entretien compréhensif en sociologie. Usages, pratiques, analyses</i>, Paris, Armand Colin.</p> <p>STRAUSS A. et CORBIN J. (2004), <i>Les fondements de la recherche qualitative. Techniques de développement de la théorie fondée</i>, Fribourg, Academic Press.</p>
Other infos	Face-to-face , first term, 30 hours of theory.
Faculty or entity in charge	ESPB

Programmes containing this learning unit (UE)				
Program title	Acronym	Credits	Prerequisite	Learning outcomes
Bachelor in Information and Communication	COMB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Information and Communication (French-English)	COAB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Information and Communication (French-Dutch-English)	COTB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Sociology and Anthropology	SOCB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Sociology and Anthropology (French-English)	SOAB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Sociology and Anthropology (French-Dutch-English)	SOTB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Political Sciences	SPOB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Political Sciences (French-English)	SPAB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	
Bachelor in Political Sciences (French-Dutch-English)	SPTB1BA	5	BPOLS1231	