UCLouvain

1	2023		Conceptual Physics with technical Applications	
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6.00 crédits	60.0 h	Q1
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Cette unité d'enseignement n'est pas accessible aux étudiants d'échange!

Enseignants	Toussaint Sébastien ;					
Langue d'enseignement	Anglais					
Lieu du cours	Bruxelles Saint-Louis					
Préalables	es Le(s) prérequis de cette Unité d'enseignement (UE) sont précisés à la fin de cette fiche, en regard des programmes/fon qui proposent cette UE.					
Acquis						
d'apprentissage						
Modes d'évaluation	Written closed-book exam (with form available) with three categories of questions:					
des acquis des étudiants	 A question evaluating the student's ability to deploy the scientific method (dimensional, vector-based and energy analysis) on a simple motion (projectile motion, inclined plane, spring, simple pendulum, etc.). The student is eventually asked to realize predictions (30%). 					
	 A series of multiple-choice conceptual questions. These questions evaluate the student's ability to identify the relevant concepts required to explain an observation and present a justification (35%) A series of exercises. These questions evaluate the student's ability to solve problems with numerical values (35%). 					
Méthodes d'enseignement	Four hours a week are dedicated to INGE1243 during the semester: an ex-cathedra lecture (two hours) is followed by a session of two hours of exercise session. One (or two) topic is extensively presented ex-cathedra (e.g. the drag force, work-energy theorem, etc.) and the same topic is exemplified in the following exercise session. The exercises can be separated into three categories: synthesis questions, conceptual questions, and computational questions. During the session, the students are expected to work by themselves (alone or in small groups). Nevertheless the teacher is fully available for four tasks: (1) answer clarification questions, (2) deliver tips to guide students (requesting them) towards the solution, (3) discuss the way the student justifies the answer and (4), if necessary solve "tougher" problems on the board.					
Contenu	In this course, students will develop the methodological approach to describe a physical phenomenon. The method is based on three building blocks: dimensional analysis, vector-based analysis (Newton's law of motion) and energy-based analysis (work-energy theorem). This course aims at bridging the gap between physics-based concepts and their real-world implementations in technologies. Students will strengthen their critical reasoning with the help of the scientific method to estimate the potential, feasibility, and the viability of technological projects. After attending this course, the student will be able to: • Master adequately orders of magnitudes and units.					
	 Solve elementary physics problems. Identify how these problems help to assess technological systems. Explain, thanks to the relevant physical laws, the basic working principles underlying selected technologies. Formulate concepts and insights in a scientific manner. 					
	The course is divided into two parts where each topic is presented with the associated technologies it supports. I) Mechanics					
	Chapter 1: Fermi questions, scaling, dimensions, units, and the scientific method					
	Laws and principles, causality, international system of units, dimensional analysis and scaling, the orders of magnitude in various physical phenomena					
	Chapter 2: Kinematics: motion in one dimension					
	Position, velocity, acceleration, motion with constant acceleration (free fall), projectile motion					
	Chapter 3: Coordinate systems, scalars and vectors					
	Dot product, cross product, cartesian coordinates, rotations in the 2D plane.					
	Chapter 4: Kinematics: motion in two dimensions					

Polar coordinates, Angular velocity, Uniform circular motion.				
	Chapter 5: Dynamics: Newton's law of motion			
	Free body diagram, forces, torques, linear and angular momentum, rolling on an inclined plane, gyroscope physics.			
	Chapter 6: Newton's third principle application - Drag			
	Drag coefficient, terminal velocity, lift, rocket science.			
	Chapter 7: Work-energy theorem			
	Potential and kinetic energy, energy conservation, dissipation			
	Chapter 8: Simple harmonic motions:			
	Simple pendulum, spring, swing resonance, damping II) Electricity and magnetism			
	- Chapter 9: Electric charge and electric field Fields, Static electricity, electrical charge, Coulomb's law, electric field, electrical potential energy - Chapter 10: Magnetism Compass physics, magnets, Lorentz force, cyclotron physics, cyclotron resonance (work-energy theorem)			
	Compass physics, magnets, corefuz force, cyclotron physics, cyclotron resonance (work-energy medienn)			
Ressources en ligne	Complementary notes related to each course are communicated online each week.			
Bibliographie	 Urone, P. P., & Hinrichs, R. (2012). College Physics (OpenStax). (Reference book) Hewitt, Paul G. Conceptual physics. Pearson Education, 2002. 			
Autres infos	The use of a simple (non-graphical and non-programmable) calculator is permitted. During the exam, a form (used during the exercises sessions) is at student's disposal.			
Faculté ou entité en charge:	ESPB			

Programmes / formations proposant cette unité d'enseignement (UE)							
Intitulé du programme	Sigle	Crédits	Prérequis	Acquis d'apprentissage			
Bachelor of Science in Business Engineering	BBEB1BA	6	EINGE1134	•			