Université catholique de Louvain - Theory and research in the physical sciences: sustainable Iding - Theory and research in physical sciences: sustainable construction - en-cours-2022-licar2801

UCLouvain Licar2801i 2022 Theory and research in the physical sciences: sustainable building - Theory and research in physical sciences: sustainable construction 4.00 credits 40.0 h Q1

Geoffrey ;				
French > English-friendly				
This teaching unit questions the way in which the constructive aspects and those related to the atmospheres ca contribute to "making architecture" and support the comfort and the well-being of the occupants and the rational us of the resources in a holistic approach of architecture. sustainable. As part of a desire for continuous improvement of buildings, it aims to acquire knowledge and skills related to:				
r environment, the comfort and well-being of the occupant				
sustainable architectural designs.				
nt practices, it leads the student to structure new research it covers the following contents:				
comfort and well-being;				
or climate control (heating, cooling, ventilation, lighting				
orks (water, sewage, electricity, people, etc.); • Passive fi , etc.);				
design, implementation, renovation and deconstruction ows and their environmental impacts;				
ing monitoring, survey and data analysis methods, and to tools;				
ethods used for the purpose of producing new knowled				
nted to applied sciences, and the integration of the technic ilding in the Master Thesis project.				
e system :				
to:				
and comment on its potential impact on the occupants ar				
ical measures guaranteeing the comfort and interior we pact;				
water supply and evacuation, electricity);				
he project that they help to discover and/or consolidate;				
t the flows of energy and materials related to the productio				
d derive a rigorous research or development proposal.				
ables:				
g contents:				

b	Université catholique de Louvain - Theory and research in the physical sciences: sustainable vilding - Theory and research in physical sciences: sustainable construction - en-cours-2022-licar2801i					
	- Natural and artificial light					
	- Ventilation Strategies and Techniques					
	- Heating and cooling					
	- Electricity in buildings					
	- Life cycle assessment - Material flow analysis					
	- Energy performance					
	- Active systems for solar energy					
	- Water and fire systems					
Inline resources	On-Line Resources					
	Energie plus: https://energieplus-lesite.be/					
	Weather Data: https://energyplus.net/weather					
	ARUP Drivers of Change: https://www.arup.com/perspectives/publications/research/section/drivers-of-change					
	WELL v2.0: https://v2.wellcertified.com/					
	EPiC database and resource hub: http://www.epicdatabase.com.au/					
	Software Download					
	Climate Consultant 6.0: https://energy-design-tools.sbse.org/					
	CBE Clima Tool : https://clima.cbe.berkeley.edu/					
	CBE Thermal Comfort Tool: https://comfort.cbe.berkeley.edu/					
	Climate Studio: https://www.solemma.com/climatestudio					
	VELUX Daylight Visualizer: https://www.velux.com/what-we-do/digital-tools/daylight-visualizer					
	DIAL+: https://www.dialplus.ch/					
	Ladybug tools for Rhino and Grasshopper : https://www.ladybug.tools/					

illding - Theory and research in physical sciences: sustainable construction - en-cours-2022-licar2801i Recommended readings Bibliography Research methods • Fellows, R. and Liu, A. (2015) Research methods for construction, Fourth ed., John Wiley & Sons, Ltd, The Atrium, Southern Gate, Chichester, West Sussex, United Kingdom. • Naoum, S. G. (2013) Dissertation research & writing for construction students, Third ed., Routledge, New York. • Silverman, D. (2016) Qualitative research, Fourth ed., Sage, Los Angeles. • Yin, R. K. (2018) Case study research and applications: design and methods, Sixth ed., SAGE, Los Angeles. Environmental design principles • Brown, G.Z., Dekay, M. (2000). Sun, Wind and Light. John Wiley and Sons Ltd: New York. • Kwok, A., Grondzik, W. (2007). The Green Studio Handbook: Environmental Strategies for Schematic Design. 2nd Edition. Elsevier Architectural Press: Oxford. • La Roche, P., (2012), Carbon Neutral Architectural Design. Taylor and Francis: New York. • Meek, C., Van Den Wymelenberg, K.G. (2015). Daylighting and integrated lighting design. Routledge: Oxon. • Pelsmakers, S. (2012). The environmental design pocketbook. RIBA Publishing: London. • Rheinhart, C. (2015) Daylighting Handbook I and II. http://www.daylightinghandbook.com • Szokolay, S. (2007). Introduction to Architectural Science: The Basis of Sustainable Design. Architectural Press: Oxford, 2nd edition. • Tregenza, P., Loe, D. (2014). The Design of Lighting. Routledge: Oxon • Tregenza, P., Wilson, M. (2011). Daylighting. Architecture and Lighting Design. Routledge: Oxon. Other references • Altomonte, S., Allen, J., Bluyssen, P.M., Brager, G., Heschong, L., Loder, A., Schiavon, S., Veitch, J.A., Wang, L., Wargocki, P. (2020). Ten questions concerning well-being in the built environment. Building and Environment. doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.buildenv.2020.106949 • Altomonte, S., Kent, M., Brager, G., Schiavon, S. (2019). Indoor environmental quality and occupant satisfaction in green-certified buildings. Building Research & Information, 47 (3), 255-274. • Altomonte, S., Saadouni, S., Kent, M., Schiavon, S. (2017). Satisfaction with indoor environmental quality in BREEAM and non-BREEAM rated office buildings. Architectural Science Review, 60(4): 343-355. • Altomonte, S., Schiavon, S. (2013). Occupant satisfaction in LEED and non-LEED certified buildings. Building and Environment, 68, 66-76. • Baker, N., Steemers, K. (2002). Daylight Design of Buildings. Earthscan Press. • Cochran, W. G. (1977) Sampling techniques, Wiley series in probability and mathematical statistics, Third ed., Wiley, New York. • Daniels, K. (1998). Low-Tech Light-Tech High-Tech. Birkhauser: Basel. • DePlazes, A. (2005). Constructing Architecture: Materials, Processes, Structures: A Handbook, Birkhäuser: Basel. • Herzog, T., et al. (2008). Façade Construction Manual. Birkhäuser: Basel. • Hindrichs, D.U. (2007). Plusminus 20/40 Latitude: Sustainable Building Design in Tropical and Subtropical Regions. Edition Axel Menges: London. • Kleinbaum, D. G., Kupper, L. L., Nizam, A. and Rosenberg, E. S. (2013) Applied regression analysis and other multivariable methods, Fifth ed., Cengage Learning, Boston, MA. • Kline, P. (1994) An easy guide to factor analysis, Routledge, London ; New York. • Kline, R. B. (2016) Principles and practice of structural equation modeling, Methodology in the social sciences, Fourth ed., The Guilford Press, New York. • MacLean, W., William, P. (2008), Introduction to Architectural Technology, London: Laurence King Publishing. • Mazria, E. (1979). The Passive Solar Energy Book. Rodal Press. • McGregor, A., Roberts, C., Cousins, F. (2013). Two Degrees. The Built Environment and our Changing Climate. Routledge: New York. Morgan, D. L. (1997) Focus groups as qualitative research / David L. Morgan, Qualitative research methods series, Second ed., Sage Publications, Thousand Oaks, Calif. Moser, C. A. and Kalton, G. (1979) Survey methods in social investigation, Second ed., Gower, Aldershot, Hants, England; Brookfield, Vt., U.S.A. • Moses, L. E. (1986) Think and explain with statistics, Addison-Wesley Pub. Co., Reading, Mass. • Olgyay, V. (1973). Design with Climate. University Press: Princeton. • Ritchie, A., Thomas, R. (Editors) (2009). Sustainable Urban Design. An Environmental Approach. Taylor and Francis: Oxon. • Schiavon, S., Altomonte, S. (2014). Influence of factors unrelated to environmental quality on occupant satisfaction in LEED and non-LEED buildings. Building and Environment. 77, 148-159. • Schittich, C., ed. (2007). In Detail: Building Skins. Birkhäuser: Basel. • Schittich, C., ed. (monthly publication). Detail: Review of Architecture. Institut fur Internationale Architektur-Dokumentation GmbH & Co. KG: Munich. • Stephan, A., & Athanassiadis, A. (2017). Quantifying and mapping embodied environmental requirements of urban building stocks. Building and Environment, 114, 187-202. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.buildenv.2016.11.043 • Stephan, A., & Athanassiadis, A. (2018). Towards a more circular construction sector: Estimating and spatialising current and future non-structural material replacement flows to maintain urban building stocks. Resources, Conservation and Recycling, 129, 248-262. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.resconrec.2017.09.022 Stephan, A., Crawford, R. H., & de Myttenaere, K. (2013). A comprehensive assessment of the life cycle energy demand of passive houses. Applied Energy, 112, 23-34. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.apenergy.2013.05.076 • Stephan, A., & Stephan, L. (2016). Life cycle energy and cost analysis of embodied, operational and user-transport energy reduction measures for residential buildings. Applied Energy, 161, 445-464. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/ j.apenergy.2015.10.023 • Stephan, A., & Stephan, L. (2017). Life cycle water, energy and cost analysis of multiple water harvesting and management measures for apartment buildings in a Mediterranean climate. Sustainable Cities and Society, 32, 584-603. doi:https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scs.2017.05.004

Université catholique de Louvain - Theory and research in the physical sciences: sustainable

• Stephan, A., & Stephan, L. (2020). Achieving net zero life cycle primary energy and greenhouse gas emissions apartment buildings citous and the start and

Thomas, R., Garnham, T. (2007). The Environments of Architecture. Environmental Design in Context, Taylor

b	Université catholique de Louvain - Theory and research in the physical sciences: sustainable uilding - Theory and research in physical sciences: sustainable construction - en-cours-2022-licar2801i
Other infos	 Overall, students are assessed based on the following criteria: Present information clearly, adequately and concisely, annotated where necessary, with explicit content, and properly referenced; Evaluate and critically reflect on your work by identifying your specific learning needs; Demonstrate your knowledge and understanding of the principles and strategies of environmental and architectural physics (thermal, lighting and air quality) and how their holistic design and control can influence human comfort, health and well-being; Demonstrate your knowledge and understanding of active and passive systems (e.g. heating, cooling, lighting, and ventilation) as well as building services (e.g. water, drainage, electricity, fire, etc.) and their integration into architectural design and standards, following a sustainable and circular approach to energy and material flows. Develop coherent and original research proposals, recognising priorities and avenues for development in the physical sciences, using appropriate and rigorous research methods.
Faculty or entity in charge	LOCI

Programmes containing this learning unit (UE)							
Program title	Acronym	Credits	Prerequisite	Learning outcomes			
Master [120] in Architecture (Tournai) [International Master - in English]	ARCT2M	4		٩			
Master [120] in Architecture (Bruxelles) [International Master - in English]	ARCB2M	4		٩			