




**This biannual learning unit is not being organized in 2021-2022 !**

Teacher(s)	Dekemper Emmanuel ;
Language :	English
Place of the course	Louvain-la-Neuve
Prerequisites	Basic training in physics and mathematics (level of bachelor in sciences or applied sciences).
Main themes	Physico-chemical characteristics of the upper atmosphere and of radiative transfer of solar radiation ; ground-based and space-borne spectroscopic methods ; data processing algorithm and inverse methods.
Learning outcomes	<p><b>At the end of this learning unit, the student is able to :</b></p> <p><b>a. Contribution of the teaching unit to the learning outcomes of the programme (PHYS2M and PHYS2M1)</b>                      AA1: A1.1, A1.5                      AA2: A2.5</p> <p><b>b. Expected learning outcomes</b></p> <p>At the end of this teaching unit, the student will be able to :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. describe the main processes defining the trace gas composition of the upper atmosphere ;</li> <li>2. understand the basic principles of atmospheric remote sensing: geometry, spectral domains and observation methods ;</li> <li>3. understand the inverse problems related to ground-based and space-borne observations ;</li> <li>4. assess the error budgets for several remote sensing modes and identify their intrinsic limitations ;</li> <li>5. understand the design principles of a space remote sensor and its operational use.</li> </ol>
Evaluation methods	Oral examination based on a global analysis of a scientific paper describing a remote sensing space mission.
Teaching methods	Lectures. Integrative project. Tutorial of MODTRAN 6.
Content	<p><b>1. Basic concepts about the atmospheric system and radiative transfer</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. atmospheric vertical structure</li> <li>b. global dynamics and chemical composition</li> <li>c. solar irradiance and Earth's radiative balance</li> <li>d. light-particle interaction and multiple scattering : albedo, aerosols and clouds</li> </ol> <p><b>2. Observation methods</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. observation geometries from space : emission and absorption, nadir and limb views</li> <li>b. spectrometers and imagers from UV to mm waves</li> <li>c. 40 years of space remote sensing : achievements and perspectives</li> <li>d. ground-based networks and validation of space observations</li> </ol> <p><b>3. Data processing in space remote sounding</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. scope : orders of magnitude and spatio-temporal resolutions</li> <li>b. atmospheric corrections</li> <li>c. specific inverse methods for atmospheric remote sensing</li> </ol> <p><b>4. Climate variables : measurements and climatologies</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. review of the main climate variables</li> <li>b related open questions for atmospheric remote sensing</li> </ol>
Bibliography	« Inverse Methods for Atmospheric Sounding : Theory and Practice », Clive Rodgers, World Scientific, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1142/3171">https://doi.org/10.1142/3171</a> .

Faculty or entity in charge	PHYS
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<b>Programmes containing this learning unit (UE)</b>				
Program title	Acronym	Credits	Prerequisite	Learning outcomes
Master [120] in Geography : Climatology	CLIM2M	5		
Master [120] in Physics	PHYS2M	5		
Master [60] in Physics	PHYS2M1	5		