

Au vu du contexte sanitaire lié à la propagation du coronavirus, les modalités d'organisation et d'évaluation des unités d'enseignement ont pu, dans différentes situations, être adaptées ; ces éventuelles nouvelles modalités ont été -ou seront- communiquées par les enseignant-es aux étudiant-es.

3 crédits

Q2

Langue d'enseignement	Anglais
Lieu du cours	Autre site
Préalables	The following BNEN courses are a prerequisite <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nuclear Energy: Introduction • Nuclear Fuel Cycle
Thèmes abordés	<p>MOX and Th fuel</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comparison of the physical properties of Pu and Th • Possible core designs with Th based fuel with high conversion factors • Pu-MOX fuel fabrication (MIMAS process) and fuel rod thermal-mechanical behaviour under irradiation • Pu-MOX impact on reactivity coefficients and safety issues • Th-MOX impact on reactivity coefficients and overview of the possible safety issues • <p>Radiochemistry</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Applied radiochemistry (complementary to the course under "Nuclear Fuel cycle"): chemical process technology: radiochemical separation techniques, radiochemical analysis, production of radionuclides • Radionuclide migration through a clay host rock ' geochemistry and underlying phenomena: impact on the Safety Case; geochemistry in Boom Clay; role of organic matter; radionuclide speciation, sorption and transport; modelling. <p>Dismantling, decommissioning</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction: definitions, objectives, levels, regulatory aspects, radioprotection, ALARA • Radionuclide inventory, characterization and measurements • Strategy for decontamination of buildings, concrete pieces and structures, metals • Dismantling of a nuclear reactor (the BR3 case): the experience, materials management • Other types of installations to be decommissioned, REX from other projects • Strategies and planning of decommissioning
Acquis d'apprentissage	<p>MOX and Th fuel</p> <p>To get a global understanding of the utilization of Pu and Th based fuel in light water reactors:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The challenges of the U-Pu-MOX fuel regarding the fuel fabrication, the core and fuel neutronic aspects and fuel behaviour • The Th-Pu-MOX used in LWR for its breeding capabilities, or more realistically as matrix for Pu utilization. <p>1</p> <p>Radiochemistry and Dismantling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To get an understanding of radiochemistry, as it is a basic discipline to understand the various stages and activities in the nuclear fuel cycle, including the safe disposal of the radioactive waste. • To get acquainted with the principles and practice of dismantling and decommissioning of nuclear materials, as this is becoming an activity of increasing importance in nuclear engineering. <p>-----</p> <p><i>La contribution de cette UE au développement et à la maîtrise des compétences et acquis du (des) programme(s) est accessible à la fin de cette fiche, dans la partie « Programmes/formations proposant cette unité d'enseignement (UE) ».</i></p>
Modes d'évaluation des acquis des étudiants	<p>En raison de la crise du COVID-19, les informations de cette rubrique sont particulièrement susceptibles d'être modifiées.</p> <p>Oral examination; written preparation</p>
Ressources en ligne	https://www.sckcen.be/fbnen

Bibliographie	The PowerPoint presentations of the lectures are available on the BNEN website.
Autres infos	<p>This course is part of the Advanced Master programme in nuclear engineering organized by the Belgian Nuclear Higher Education Network (BNEN). BNEN is organised through a consortium of six Belgian universities and the Belgian Nuclear Research Centre, SCK-CEN and takes place at the SCK-CEN in Mol.</p> <p>Prof. Pierre Van Iseghem ' Université de Liège Prof. Hubert Druenne ' Université de Liège</p>
Faculté ou entité en charge:	EPL

Programmes / formations proposant cette unité d'enseignement (UE)				
Intitulé du programme	Sigle	Crédits	Prérequis	Acquis d'apprentissage
Master de spécialisation en génie nucléaire	GNUC2MC	3		