

## **LGCIV2051**

2016-2017

## Applied hydraulics : open-channel flows

5.0 credits	30.0 h + 30.0 h	1q
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Teacher(s):	Soares Frazao Sandra ;				
Language :	Anglais				
Place of the course	Louvain-la-Neuve				
Inline resources:	Moodle web site for the course Online tutorial				
Prerequisites :					
Main themes :	Fundamentals in Hydrology Open-channel flows (steady flows) Weirs, and applications to spillways				
Aims:	Contribution of the course to the program objectives (N°)  AA1.1, AA1.2, AA1.3, AA2.1, AA5.2, AA5.3  Specific learning outcomes of the course  Determine the design discharge for several types of civil engineering works  Design irrigation channels  Design urban sewers  Calculate steady flow profiles in channels  Describe and calculate the effects of local changes in the channel geometry on the flow (narrowing, widening, change in bed slope, presence of bridge piers)  Design of spillways (normalized Creager profile)  Transversal learnning outcomes of the course:  Create and use and Excel sheet to solve in a simple and efficient way problems in hydraulic engineering  Summarize the acquired knowledge in order to present on the blackboard a clear and concise answer to a given question Initiate a general questioning on the use of water resources  The contribution of this Teaching Unit to the development and command of the skills and learning outcomes of the programme(s) can be accessed at the end of this sheet, in the section entitled "Programmes/courses offering this Teaching Unit".				
Evaluation methods :	Written test (25 % of the final mark) consisting in steady flow water profiles calculations using the Excel sheet Oral exam (75 %) on the theoretical aspects, with a preparation on the blackboard				
Teaching methods :	Lectures, practical exercises and laboratory, all in close link with each other  Numerous examples of applications and real cases where the methods developed in the course were applied  Use of didactic softwares and creation of Excel calculation sheets				
Content :	Introduction (1 h): purpose of open-channel hydraulics Hydrology (7 h): rain, water cycle, measurement and analysis of discharges, rainfall-discharge relationships (unit hydrograph, rational method, Hauff-Vicari) Steady open-channel flows (15 h): channels, sewers and rivers. Steady uniform flow: Chezy and Manning equations, optimal trapezoidal section, compound and heterogeneous channels, normal depth calculation in channels and sewers. Gradually varied flows: specific energy, critical depth, critical slope, flow profiles (theory and practical calculations). Flow in natural rivers: pseudo-uniform flow. Rapidly varied flow: hydraulic jump, drawn jump. Flow in non-prismatic geometry: flow between a gate and a reservoir, change in bed slope, change in channel width, presence of bridge piers, Venturi flumes, bottom sill, broad crested weir. Weirs and spillways (5 h): Thin crested weir, normalized Creager profile, free or drawn outflow, spillways				
Bibliography :	Lecture notes Books : Chow, "Open-channel hydraulics" Lencastre, "Hydraulique générale"				
	Students should know the Euler and Navier-Stokes equations, the Bernoulli equations, and the headlosses formulations according				

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Faculty or entity in	GC
charge:	

Programmes / formations proposant cette unité d'enseignement (UE)							
Intitulé du programme	Sigle	Credits	Prerequis	Acquis d'apprentissage			
Master [120] in Architecture and Engineering	ARCH2M	5		•			
Master [120] in Civil Engineering	GCE2M	5	-	٩			