UCL Université catholique de Louvain LFSAB1105 2010-2011

Probability and statistics

5.0 credits

30.0 h + 30.0 h

2q

Teacher(s) :	Heuchenne Cédric ; von Sachs Rainer ; El Ghouch Anouar ;
Language :	Français
Place of the course	Louvain-la-Neuve
Main themes :	Foundations of probability (10-8): -Notion of and elementary calculus of probabilities; event, basic formulae for calculating probabilities, combinatorics, conditional probabilities, Bayes theorem, independence. -Random variables: discrete and continuous random variables, probability distribution, distribution function, quantiles, expected values, variance, moments of k-th order, moment generating function. -Classical probability laws: Bernoulli, uniform (discrete and continuous), binomial, Poisson, hypergeometric, normal, exponentia gamma, beta, Weibull. -Bivariate random vectors: bivariate distribution, marginal and conditional distribution, conditional expectation and variance independence of random variables, covariance and correlation, variance-covariance matrix. generalisation to the k-variate case -Transformation of random variables, linear and non-linear transformations of one variable, linear transformation of random vectors: Evoundations of statistical inference (10-8): -Point estimation and fitting of distributions: definition, quality of an estimator (bias, efficiency), method of moment estimation maximum likelihood method, least-squares method. -Limit theorems: Central Limit Theorem, Law of Large Numbers; -Q-Q-plots; chi-square test of goodness-of-fit. -Confidence intervals: definition, construction using the method of pivotal functions, asymptotic confidence intervals. -Hypothesis tests: concepts of hypotheses, general development of a test statistic and a decision rule, type 1 and type 2 erro p-value, Tests and confidence intervals for one or two samples in a normal population and for one or two proportions. Statistical methods in engineering (8-10): -Exploratory data analysis: mean, variance, standard deviation, median, interquartile range, correlation, Graphical summary of data: histogram, box hot, point clouds, X-Y-graphical plots, scatter plot matrix, Interpretation and efficient use of these methods with software such as MATLAB or R. -Empirical modelling: linear regres
Aims :	At the end of this course, the student will be able to: -understand and know how to apply to various situations the basic concepts of probability and statistical inference, -adopt an efficient methodological approach for setting-up a statistical experiment design, -develop simple probabilistic or empirical models for given observed phenomena and integrate these models into simulations. The contribution of this Teaching Unit to the development and command of the skills and learning outcomes of the programme(s can be accessed at the end of this sheet, in the section entitled "Programmes/courses offering this Teaching Unit".
Content :	Content and teaching methods
	 This course presents first the fundamental concepts of probability and statistics useful to solve simple engineering problems and to be able to follow more advanced courses. Foundation in probability : notion of and elementary calculus of probabilities, random variables, classical probability laws, random vectors, transformation of random variables, limit theorems. Foundations of statistical inference : point estimation and fitting of distributions, estimation by confidence intervals, hypothesis testing, tests and confidence intervals for one or two samples in a normal population and for one or two proportions, sample size calculation.
	The course presents also essential tools for the engineer which will be responsible to organise experiments or take decisions from data: - Exploratory data analysis: position, dispersion and correlation indices, graphical summaries for quantitative variables. - Empirical modelling: polynomial and multiple linear regression. - Introduction to the notion of design of experiments.

	Université Catholique de Louvain - COURSES DESCRIPTION FOR 2010-2011 - LFSAB1105
	- One factor analysis of variance.
	The pedagogical approach encourages the student to work personally and have an active participation during the courses
Other infos :	Prerequisite Linear algebra and basic calculus. Notions of Matlab or R
	The course is made of several types of activities : - oral presentations of the methodological concepts based on examples coming from the engineering world - exercises sessions where the student will be able to apply systematically the concepts presented in the course on well chosen examples. - case studies where the student will be able to apply the statistical tools to real world data using software like Matlab or R
Cycle and year of study :	> Bachelor in Mathematics > Bachelor in Engineering
Faculty or entity in charge:	BTCI