NEWS OF THE ASSOCIATION

Elections

There will be elections for three new committee members, as the terms of Burchard, Stone and Weitenberg expire. According to the Constitution, section 9, as emended in Bologna, full members of AIEA in good standing may be elected to the Committee, including the three members whose terms are now ending.

As in the past, there will be a Nominating Committee. The members of these Committee are Prof. Dr. Chr. Hannick and Prof. Dr. H. Lehmann. Their responsibility is to review the candidates nominated by the membership and to propose any further candidates they may view appropriate.

For the current elections, a special Election Committee was established. This is composed of Prof. Dr. Chr. Hannick and Prof. Dr. R. Schmitt. The task of this committee is to conduct the election process.

Only full members have the right to vote.
All full members have received a letter, sent out in the first half of September 1991 calling for nominations for election to the committee of three persons.
if there is any person who considers himself a full member of AIEA and has not received such a letter, he is kindly asked to contact the secretary.

Ballots for the elections will be sent out on October 20, 1991. Results will be made public on December 15, 1991.

Candidates for membership

At its meeting in Leiden (Wassenaar) on April 19, 1991, the Committee accepted the following persons as candidates for membership. The candidacies of these persons will be
submitted to the membership at the next general meeting:

Gregor Pelczynski, Poznan (Poland), ass.
Dr. Roberta Ervine, Jerusalem (Israel), full.

**Associate secretary**

At its latest meeting in Leiden, the Committee decided to appoint Theo Van Lint as associate secretary of AIEA for the period of one year. The appointment of Mr. Van Lint, who prepares a PhD on the poetry of Kostandin Erznkaci at Leiden University, is one of the efforts of the Committee to involve more and also younger people in the activities of AIEA and to broaden the level of participation of members.

**Secretary**

The secretary will move on October 15, 1991. Therefore do not extend any AIEA mail to his personal address, but exclusively to the official seat of AIEA as follows:

Dr. J.J.S. Weitenberg
Dpt. of Comparative Linguistics
POB 9515
NL-2300 RA Leiden

**Constitution**

The Constitution of the AIEA as changed in Bologna has been officially registered in Leiden. A copy of the new version is added to this Newsletter.

**L' Académicien Eremyan membre honoraire de l'AIEA.**

L'AIEA a été très heureuse d'apprendre que l'Académicien EREMYAN a accepté sa nomination comme membre honoraire de l'AIEA. Cette nouvelle nomination constitue un très grand honneur pour notre association. Elle concrétise les liens scientifiques toujours plus étroits que l'AIEA entretient avec l'Arménie.

**Nécrologie.**

Nous avons appris avec beaucoup de tristesse le décès de notre membre, le Professeur Frédéric FEYDIT, survenue le 11 mai 1991 à Paris.


Il était aussi très connu et estimé dans la communauté arménienne.
Treasurer's Report 1990-91

Receipts and expenditures of AIEA since the last report dated 8 October 1990 and submitted to, and accepted by, the general meeting during the Vth International Conference, 10-14 October 1990, at Bologna (according to balance sheets and information received to date).

I. DM (Postgiro Karlsruhe 440 09-756, C. Burchard)
Balance of account per 5 October 1990

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>+ Fees</td>
<td>2,002,09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+ Expenses Fribourg reimbursed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(sfrs. 1,900) through van Damme</td>
<td>2,219,00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+ Sale 'Transliterate'</td>
<td>48,45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+ Remainder conference fees</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heidelberg</td>
<td>136,05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4,405,59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- CIPSH grant to Heidelberg Symp.</td>
<td>4,547,61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Travel committee members</td>
<td>2,383,70</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Hotel committee member</td>
<td>120,00</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Telephone</td>
<td>341,80</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Secretarial work for 'Transliterate'</td>
<td>336,00</td>
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<tr>
<td>- Same for Bologna conference</td>
<td>105,00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Entertainment vice-pres. Sarkisyan</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>at Bologna</td>
<td>31,60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Gift to conference organizer</td>
<td>17,24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Diskette 'Transliterate' display</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bologna</td>
<td>9,70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Bank charges</td>
<td>24,63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Unaccounted for</td>
<td>0,40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7,917,68</td>
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<tr>
<td>+ Unexplained difference</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Balance of account per 26 March 1991:</td>
<td>2,938,14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Balance of account per 26 March 1991: 2,938,14
II. hfl (AmRo Bank, Leiden. 44.19.58.524. AIEA)

Balance of account per 24 August 1990

+ Fees 130,00
+ Telephone declared erroneously 150,00
+ Interest 15.80

295,80 — — + 295,80

- Travel committee members 1,248,60
- Telephone, postage 658,10
- Production roster of members 600,84
- Bank charges 30,00
- Remainder advance to Secretary, to be compensated later 3,74

2,541,28 — — - 2,541,28

+ Unexplained difference +1,00

Balance of account per 7 March 1991: 2,470,78

III. Other accounts
Transfers not important, specifications will be given in next report.

Heidelberg, 15 April 1991, signed Christoph Burchard, Treasurer, AIEA.


The Historical Institute of the Academy of Sciences of Armenia will hold an International Congress on the History of Armenian Statehood in 1992. Members wishing to deliver lectures at this Congress are asked to submit their names and lecture topics immediately to the Secretary of AIEA, who will forward them to the Historical Institute. The Institute will, of course, make its own autonomous decisions about whom to invite.

Workshops organised by the AIEA.

1. La place de l'arménien dans les langues indo-européennes.
The proceedings are published in:

2. Les arméniens face à l'occident et la question de la modernité.
   An edition of the proceedings is in preparation.

3. *Chrysostomica and pseudo-chrysostomica*.
   Århus, April 1987.
   The proceedings are published in the AIEA Newsletter n° 8 of October 1987.

   Sandbjerg, Denmark, July 16-20, 1989.
   The publication of the proceedings is in preparation. Editors are H. LEHMANN and J. J. S. WEITENBERG.

5. Armenia and the Bible.
   The publication of the proceedings is in preparation. Editor is Chr. BURCHARD.

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**IN SEARCH OF A STANDARD ARMENIAN KEYBOARD**

With the proliferation of personal computers, most companies, schools and newspapers have dropped traditional typewriters and typesetting methods and are now employing wordprocessors and desktop publishing software programs.

It has long been known that the two leaders in the Personal Computer world are IBM (with its innumerable clones) and the Apple Macintosh. Although these machines were long ago incompatible, it is now possible to transfer files and information between the two, either via a network, or in the case of Mac II series, via the Apple File Exchange folder or the SuperDrive.

But what about the Armenian files? It may come as no surprise to many that there are Armenian wordprocessors in existence in Armenia and the Diaspora. With the release of the three low-cost Macintoshes, there will be a serious decision to make before purchasing your next personal computer, especially if you have Armenian typing in mind. Either way, the minimum cost will be around U.S. $1,000.

But how would you type in Armenian on a keyboard manufactured with the Latin alphabet user in mind? Do you get another keyboard made, or stick little plastic labels on your old keyboard? Can you type a paragraph in English, then switch to Armenian, then add a quote in yet another language such as French or Greek - all in the same document? Do these fonts have to be "resident" or are the fonts independent of your printer? What about desktop publishing in Armenian?

Now, let’s imagine that a competition to design a new Armenian font is announced. After consulting an Armenian typography book, such as Teodik’s "Tip u Tar" (Type and Letter), you begin planning your typeface; then, you begin planning the keyboard setup. Will you be placing the letters homophonically, according to the Latin alphabet? If you speak Western or
Eastern Armenian, it will affect the way you place some of the crucial consonants. Knowing that they are more letters in the Armenian alphabet and different punctuation marks, how will it affect the placement of "t;" and the "tu" or of the ligature "tu," for that matter? Both the Macintosh and IBM (the latter in a lesser way) allow you to use combinations with Option, Command and Control keys to extend the keyboard. Keep in mind that it is impractical to use the numeric pad or the Latin punctuation mark keys, because they will not allow you to build an Armenian electronic dictionary.

The quality of the printed text depends first on the quality of the electronic font, and then the printer. Some Armenian screen fonts reproduce well at 10 or 12 points (text size) on a dot-matrix printer, but for larger point sizes, in the case of headlines and advertisements, one prefers higher quality PostScript fonts, especially with the use of a laser printer (300 dots per inch or greater). There are fewer PostScript than screenfonts for the Armenian alphabet. Another point to consider in the quality of the fonts is whether or not they are kerned, as those are the only types of fonts that can be used in desktop publishing softwares.

It is quite unfortunate that there is no standard Armenian keyboard, not even one for the typewriter. Thus, for anyone experimenting with the design of a new Armenian font the question of the keyboard comes up. One is forced to invent one's own electronic keyboard, or copy and/or modify another's keyboard. This is true of the IBM as well as the Macintosh environment. The available Armenian layouts are usually based on the old Royal or Olympia typewriter keyboards.

For Armenian wordprocessing on the IBM and its compatibles, one must use an Armenian or Armenian-English program, independent of other software applications. In the case of the Macintosh, however, Armenian is just another font, and one is able to mix any number of fonts and/or languages in a document, along with graphics and pictures, using any wordprocessor or desktop publishing program.

The latter is crucial for multi-lingual users, specialists such as Armenologists and editors who want to employ real publishing tasks on a PC. Another advantage with the Macintosh is that it has a WYSIWYG (What You See Is What You Get) screen, allowing anyone to work on a document and see its final form simultaneously.

Once you have bought a PC and have decided on the applications you want to run, you will find that you have a choice of commercial Armenian programs and fonts which to choose.

In the case of the IBM and its compatibles, there is a California-based developer, BYTEC, which distributes an Armenian and English wordprocessor, Hye Writer, with built-in fonts that can be printed on a Hewlett-Packard LaserJet II. BYTEC acknowledges the keyboard problem, saying in its brochure that their keyboard "... setting an Armenian characters is done exactly the same as most frequently used typewriters." (Our emphasis).

Dr. J.J.S. Weitenberg at Leiden University, Holland, and his associates have created a font which is used on an Apricot PC with a Toshiba P1351 printer. Dr. Weitenberg used this font to write a Dutch-Armenian dictionary; he and Prof. Michael E. Stone of Hebrew University, Jerusalem, have cooperated on an Armenian research database project in ASCII form, which can be converted into the Macintosh format.

Armenian fonts were designed for the Macintosh and the LaserWriter were released by Apple Computers. Some of the earliest Armenian fonts and the first Macintosh Armenian
database were created in 1985 by Dr. Ari Topouzkhanian, a scientist who lives near Lyon, France. His fonts, named Ani, Aram, Arax and Ararat, were created with the Fontastic program, a software which creates screenfonts. The first two of the above-mentioned resemble the կոչ and the երեկոյան fonts used in traditional publishing. Two other early screenfonts for the Macintosh designed in the U.S. are Erevan and Etchmiadzin, created in 1987 by S. Michael Price. Unfortunately, none of these are kerned fonts, as they were created prior to the desktop publishing era.

Fortunately, others have created kerned screen and PostScript fonts: among others, Father U. Zanetti in Belgium has developed fonts which resemble the երեկոյան and հայոց fonts of old manuscripts; Prof. Van Damme in Fribourg, Switzerland, has developed, PostScript fonts; Dr. Tom Samuelian, who created the PostScript font Ararat, said that he uses a homophonic keyboard based on the Western Armenian pronunciation. He originally created his font for personal use and later used it to typeset his two-volume textbook "A Course in Modern Western Armenian", in conjunction with the traditional typeface Helvetica.

Some of the commercially available fonts for the Macintosh in the American-Canadian market are George Keverian's Hay-Type. Currently a version 2.1, they contain the screenfonts Aghtamar, Ani and Ardashes, and the PostScript fonts AniBold and AniBold Italic. Mr. Keverian, who is based in Massachusetts, used a keyboard setup based on one of the many Armenian typewriters, making his fonts popular with experienced Armenian typists.

Mr. Keverian, in a telephone interview, said that he had created his PostScript fonts using the software Fontographer, and they are based on the Compugraphic հայոց, հայոց, and "կոչ fonts.

"Lines, Fonts & Circles", a company based in Glendale, CA, has just released six Armenian fonts for the Macintosh. Aesthetically based on the Compugraphic Barz & Nork typefaces, these are kerned, Type 1 PostScript fonts, compatible with Adobe Type Manager, a program which removes the "screen jaggies". One of the advantages of these PS fonts is their speed, because the QWERTY-type keyboard has only four letters accessed by the Option key. It also has disadvantages: The Armenian punctuation marks are accessed with the Shift key; use of Latin punctuation keys for some of the Armenian letters cannot permit the built-up of an auxiliary dictionary for Armenian; and one needs to use the Adobe Type Manager for best screen results. Lines, Fonts & Circles plans to release Armenian fonts for the IBM in February, the latter to be compatible with the highly popular program Word for Windows.

The Association Internationale des Etudes Arméniennes, a Leiden-based research group whose membership includes internationally renowned Armenologists, uses a "translator" as a solution to the keyboard setup problem. For a mere U.S. $30, one can get a copy of this program to convert Macintosh files that were written using the different keyboard setups. Dr. Michael Stone, president of the association, admits that this is only a temporary solution, but one that is vital for himself and his colleagues, until an official standard keyboard layout is designed.

The question, then, is, who will develop the standard Armenian keyboard? Armenia, by virtue of being the motherland and possessing far more academies and higher education institutions than the Diaspora, is of course the natural choice, and they are working on it.
Current work is being done at the Linguistics Institute of Yerevan on byte assignment table, keyboards layouts and Optical Character Readers; progress has been made on the ArmSCI (Armenian Standard of Interchange Codes) by Professor R.L. Urutyan of the Linguistics Institute, and by G.W. Markarov at the Yerevan Polytechnic Institute. The resulting standard has been approved by the Armenian State Committee of Terminology (Annal of Armenian Linguistics, Nov. 1990).

What about the naming of the fonts? "Ararat" has been used as a name for different typefaces far too many times; hardly any of the traditional type names are being used. There is also question of the electronic font number assignment; some of the older programs print a font according to their designated number, but luckily advanced desktop publishing programs select a font by its name alone. Apple Computer once had pre-approved numbers for Armenian fonts to be used by Apple Software developers.

Should Armenian fonts be copyrighted or registered with such organizations as in the International Typeface Corporation (ITC) so that they may be licensed to electronic font distributors such as Adobe or Agfa-Compugraphic? Again, which Armenian Apple software developer will take care of that?

A standard Armenian keyboard and byte assignments would not only enable wordprocessing and desktop publishing but also allow sorting in Armenian alphabetical order, electronic mailings of Armenian texts internationally through networks, file-transfers among Armenian writers and Armenologists without the use of a translator, and the creation and sharing of Armenian databases and CD-ROMs.

In the future the Armenian Typography Institution will provide us also with a guide-book of all available typefaces, both old ones and newly designed electronic creations, as well as develop an elaborate up-to-date typographic and computer vocabulary.

Lola KOUNDAKJIAN


REMINDE R-RA PPEL-ERINNERUNG-INVITO-REMINDE R-RA PPEL-ERINNERUNG-INVITO

The AIEA membership fee for 1991 is due. It is hfl. 45/DM 40/L.30.000/FF 130/FB 840/U.S. $ 27 for regular members, hfl. 35/DM 30/ L. 23.000/FF 100/ FB 600/ U.S. $ 20 for associate members, and hfl. 25/DM 22/ L 17.000/FF 70/ FB 450/ U.S. $ 15 for retired and student members.

Please send a check to the Treasurer, Prof. Chr. Burchard, Wissenschaftlich-Theologisches Seminar, Kisselgasse 1, D-6900 Heidelberg (in your national currency, please), or use one of the following accounts, stating clearly your name and the year(s) for which the sum is meant:

-Postgiro Karlsruhe (Germany), N° 440 09 756 (in the name of Chr. Burchard);
- AmRo Bank, Rapenburg 39, NL-2311 GG Leiden (Holland), N° 44.19.58.524 (in the name of AIEA; if possible go through the Bank's postgiro account Den Haag - Holland, N° 9200, indicating it is for the AIEA account just mentioned; avoid sending checks to AmRO Bank because their handling charges are high);
- Belgian Postgiro CCP 000-1522362-44 (in the name of Fr. Mawet, 6 av. des Cygnes Sauvages, B-1970 Wezembeek-Oppem);
- Italian Postgiro C/C 13581434 (in the name of G. Uluhogian, Borgo Giorgio Jan, 10, I-43100 Parma);
- members in the USA may send their personal cheques to the treasurer.

If you care to make life easier for the Treasurer please pay for 1992 now together with the 1991 fee. The next general conference giving you an opportunity to pay in person will not be before 1993.

QUELQUES PUBLICATIONS RECENTES

Recently, the following works appeared:


Armenia at the Crossroads is a compilation of articles, interviews, and statements by members and associates of the original Karabagh Committee. The ideas and collective vision articulated here first led their authors to Soviet prisons. They now lead the Republic of Armenia: Levon Ter Petrosian is the President, Vazgen Manukian, Prime Minister, Hambartsum Galstyan, Mayor of Yerevan, Ktrich Sardarian, Vice Prime Minister, etc. The editor has annotated the texts extensively to provide historical, political and sociological references. The introduction and postscript help place the texts within the larger Armenian and diasporan experience.


This work contains selected essays dealing with the Jewish Literature of the Second Temple period, focusing around central themes of recent research. Stone's varied interests are reflected in this book, gathered around four main themes. Under the title "Enoch and the Testaments" are assembled studies which present and draw the implications from recent discoveries (including the Dead Sea Scrolls) as they modify the view of these two pivotal
documents of ancient Judaism. Another focus of Stone's work has been 4 Ezra or 2 Esdras, a work reflecting the situation of Judaism, and especially to the understanding of apocalypticism, from a third section of the present work, while the particular development of apocryphal literature in Armenian is its fourth division.

This work presents a range of significant studies in areas standing at the forefront of the study of Ancient Judaism.


This first fascicle contains 577 bibliographical entries, which are divided over the following subjects: General, Church Matters, Law and Economics, Geography, History, Culture and Art.

The book can be obtained by sending US$ 10,- (surface mail) or 15,- (registered air mail) to the following adress:Leon Ter-Oganian, Curator of the Circle of Interests in Armenian Culture, Filtrowa 79 m. 29, P-02-032 Warszawa. In a circular Mr. Ter-Oganian writes: "the easiest way of ordering cum paying in sanding banknotes in a registered letter; or by a cheque payable to me. The circle has its bank account, but it is carried in zlotys: PKO BP, V Oddzial, Warszawa, account N°. 1557-140504-132. In the latter case inform us about your transfer."

The editors plan to print further issues covering the following fields in Armenology: 1. The Kipchak Language; 2. The Contents of the periodical "Poslaniec sw. Grzegorza" (Harbinger of St. Gregory); 3. Linguistics; 4. Polish Translations from Armenian Poetry and Belles-Lettres.

Before further issues are printed, respective data concerning the literature can be found in "Polska Bibliografia Literacka" (Polish Bibliography of Literature) issued by the Institute of Literature Studies, Polish Academy of Sciences in Warsawa.

This bibliography, in principle, does not embrace (with a few exceptions) works printed in Armenia.

**PUBLICATIONS DE NOS MEMBRES**

Ne sont repris dans cette liste que les ouvrages déjà effectivement parus.
Il est demandé aux membres de ne pas oublier d'indiquer leur nom sur le formulaire bibliographique. Merci d'avance.

Please, don't forget your name on the "bibliography report form". Thank you.


Edward Gubekian, The date of king Trdat's conversion, dans Handes Amsorya, 105 (1991), pp. 75-87 (Trdat, Grigor, Aga't'angeghos, nutmeg).

George Huxley, Byzantinozachariza, dans Hermathena, 148 (1990), pp. 69-87 (Chazars, Georgia, Ossetes, Heraclius, Abasgia, Movses, Dasxuranç).


R. H. Lola Koundakjian, Giving the gift of life: Bone Marrow Transplants among Armenians, dans A. l. M., (July. 1991) (New research in the area of tissue typing has shown that certain genetic make-up traits are inherited in close ethnic groups. This finding allows Armenians, for example, to find a possible "match" when in need of bone marrow transplants among the general Armenian population).


Alessandro Ore Ngo, presentazione, traduzione e note: M. Owl'Owrlean, Storia della colonia armena di Livorno e della costruzione della sua chiesa, dans Quaderni della Labronica, Studi e testi, 2 (1990), Comune di Livorno (Sur la colonie arménienne à Livourne - XVIIe-XIXe siècles- Colonies arméniennes en Italie).

Denis R. Papazian, What every Armenian should know, Dearborn, MI, Armenian Research Center, 1989 (Armenia, Turkey, Genocide).


Boghos L. ZEKIYAN, Dall'epos al sogno, dans In Forma di Parole, (luglio-sett. 1990), pp. 155-175.


Boghos L. ZEKIYAN, Diario d'Armenia. Una visita a Tzitzernakaberd, il Mausoleo dei Martiri, dans Bailamme, (1990), pp. 219-222.


Boghos L. ZEKIYAN, traduction de l'arménien vers l'italien: Requiem of Hovhannes Tumanian and Ter Voghormia (Miserere), dans Bailamme, (1990), pp. 222-224.

PUBLICATIONS RECENTLY RECEIVED BY THE ASSOCIATION

The works mentioned in this list are open for consultation by all members. They are kept in the Department of Comparative Linguistics at Leiden University, under the custody of the secretary.


On the occasion of the sixty-fifth birthday of Professor Bolognesi, patron member of the AEIA, a Festschrift was issued, comprising a choice of the laureate's works. In the Premessa Giuseppe Restrelli reiterates Bolognesi's scientific cares, both in its scholarly production and its organizational activities. One of the Bolognesi's fields of research that, due to economical reasons, could not be accomodated in the volume is that of the reconstruction of Greek texts on basis of their Armenian translations.

The three sections of articles reflect three fields of interest of Bolognesi's: Classical Studies, Germanic Philology, and Armenology. In the last section special attention is given to Armenian-Iranian linguistic and cultural relationships, a field in which Bolognesi has made important contributions.

The books contains a tabula gratulatoria, a bibliography of Bolognesi's works from 1947 to
1988 and indexes on authors, works and words.

The Association received as a gift from the author the works of Hrant PAPAZIAN, amounting to thirty-two titles in the field of Armenian culture and history. There are six volumes of poetry, a work called Քավառհի և գրաֆիկ, Ma vie et mes œuvres, some works on byzantine churches, a work on Komitas and translations of the libretto of the opera Anush into Turkish and Greek, and of Strauss' Der Zigeunerbaron in Armenian. A booklet describes the life and work of Dickran Tchouhadjian, the composer, while another is devoted to the author's father, titled Փոքրիչ մայրաքաղաք Հայաստանի Տեսանկյունը, Dr. Kh. Papazian. Premier dermatologue ottoman.


G. L. HUXLEY, Byzantinochazarika, dans Hermathena, CXLVIII, Summer 1990, pp. 69-87.

Աբակարե Պապազիան. Հայաստանի Տեսանկյունը, Dr. Kh. Papazian. Premier dermatologue ottoman.


ROSTER / CHANGEMENTS D'ADRESSE

All members received a Roster of AIEA Members. In this roster, names and addresses are printed in the way they are contained in the secretary’s files. Members are kindly requested to bring any errors they might find in this roster to the secretary’s attention.

En cas de changement d’adresse, auriez-vous l’amabilité d’envoyer le formulaire de changement d’adresse ci-dessous au Secrétaire, Dr. J. Weitenberg, Dept. of Comparative Linguistics-Univ. Leiden, Witte Singel, 25-POB 9515, NL-2300 RA Leiden- Nederland:

-----------------------------------------------

NOM

ANCIENNE ADRESSE

NOUVELLE ADRESSE

(à partir du ........................................)

Merci.
L'AIEA est officiellement enregistrée comme organisation sans but lucratif sous la loi hollandaise.

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POB 16174 - Jérusalem
Israël

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Dept. of Comparative Linguistics - Univ. Leiden
Witte Singel, 25 - POB 9515
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Nederland

Secrétaire adjoint:
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University of Leiden

Trésorier:
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Kisselgasse, 1
D-6900 Heidelberg

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Prof. G. ULUHOGIAN, Bologna

Membre consultant:
Prof. A. SANJIAN, Los Angeles

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